

Lesson 5 – Multiplication & Division – Multiply 2-digits by 1-digit (1)

**NC Objective:**  
Write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables they know, including for two-digit numbers times one-digit numbers, using mental and progressing to formal written methods.

**Resources needed:**  
Differentiated Sheets  
Teaching Slides

**Vocabulary:**  
Multiplication, repeated addition, formal method, partitioning, calculations, representation

Children use their understanding of repeated addition to represent a two-digit number multiplied by a one-digit number with concrete manipulatives. They use the formal method of column multiplication alongside the concrete representation. They also apply their understanding of partitioning to represent and solve calculations.

In this step, children explore multiplication with no exchange and will use place value counters.

**Key Questions:**

How does multiplication link to addition?

How does partitioning help you to multiply 2-digits by a 1-digit number?

How does the written method match the concrete representation?

★ Working Towards

This worksheet is titled 'Multiply 2-digits by 1-digit' and is for 'Working Towards'. It contains several sections:
 

- Complete the following calculations using place value counters:** Two examples are shown. The first shows a grid with 21 tens and 3 ones, multiplied by 3, resulting in 21 x 3 = 63. The second shows a grid with 43 tens and 2 ones, multiplied by 2, resulting in 43 x 2 = 86.
- Fill in the blanks and solve the calculation:** Two examples are shown. The first shows a grid with 21 tens and 3 ones, multiplied by 3, resulting in 21 x 3 = 63. The second shows a grid with 43 tens and 2 ones, multiplied by 2, resulting in 43 x 2 = 86.
- Fill in the blanks and solve the calculation:** Two examples are shown. The first shows a grid with 21 tens and 3 ones, multiplied by 3, resulting in 21 x 3 = 63. The second shows a grid with 43 tens and 2 ones, multiplied by 2, resulting in 43 x 2 = 86.

★★ Working Within

This worksheet is titled 'Multiply 2-digits by 1-digit' and is for 'Working Within'. It contains several sections:
 

- Complete the following calculations using place value counters:** Two examples are shown. The first shows a grid with 21 tens and 3 ones, multiplied by 3, resulting in 21 x 3 = 63. The second shows a grid with 43 tens and 2 ones, multiplied by 2, resulting in 43 x 2 = 86.
- Fill in the blanks and solve the calculation:** Two examples are shown. The first shows a grid with 21 tens and 3 ones, multiplied by 3, resulting in 21 x 3 = 63. The second shows a grid with 43 tens and 2 ones, multiplied by 2, resulting in 43 x 2 = 86.
- Fill in the blanks and solve the calculation:** Two examples are shown. The first shows a grid with 21 tens and 3 ones, multiplied by 3, resulting in 21 x 3 = 63. The second shows a grid with 43 tens and 2 ones, multiplied by 2, resulting in 43 x 2 = 86.

★★★ Greater Depth

This worksheet is titled 'Multiply 2-digits by 1-digit' and is for 'Greater Depth'. It contains several sections:
 

- Complete the missing parts to the calculations sheets:** Two examples are shown. The first shows a grid with 21 tens and 3 ones, multiplied by 3, resulting in 21 x 3 = 63. The second shows a grid with 43 tens and 2 ones, multiplied by 2, resulting in 43 x 2 = 86.
- 14 ones and 1 ten multiplied by two:** A calculation sheet is shown with a grid and a place value chart.
- 33 ones and 0 tens multiplied by three:** A calculation sheet is shown with a grid and a place value chart.
- Complete the missing parts to the calculations shown:** Two examples are shown. The first shows a grid with 21 tens and 3 ones, multiplied by 3, resulting in 21 x 3 = 63. The second shows a grid with 43 tens and 2 ones, multiplied by 2, resulting in 43 x 2 = 86.
- 1 ten and 13 ones multiplied by three divided by ten:** A calculation sheet is shown with a grid and a place value chart.
- Twenty ones add three ones multiplied by half of four:** A calculation sheet is shown with a grid and a place value chart.

Children on this sheet have calculations represented for them, children are to use manipulatives alongside this worksheet.

Children on this sheet have to represent their calculations and also complete place value grids to represent a calculation.

Children on this sheet use reasoning skills to complete their calculations using the information provided to them. They show calculations using a place value chart that they have constructed. Children continue to work with numbers without exchanging but work out calculations such as: Twenty ones add three ones multiplied by half of four.

Reasoning & Problem Solving

This worksheet is titled 'Multiply 2-digits by 1-digit' and is for 'Reasoning & Problem Solving'. It contains two scenarios:
 

- Zach completes the calculation:**  $21 \times 3 = 63$ . A place value chart shows 21 tens and 3 ones multiplied by 3, resulting in 63 tens and 0 ones. The question is: 'Can you spot his mistake?'.
- Melach completes the same calculation as Zach:** A place value chart shows 21 tens and 3 ones multiplied by 3, resulting in 63 tens and 0 ones. The question is: 'Can you spot and explain his mistake?'.
- Leonia says:**  $4 \times 11 = 2 \times 22$ . The question is: 'Is Leonia correct?'.

This worksheet is titled 'Multiply 2-digits by 1-digit' and is for 'Reasoning & Problem Solving'. It contains two scenarios:
 

- Zach completes the calculation:**  $34 \times 2 = 68$ . A place value chart shows 34 tens and 2 ones multiplied by 2, resulting in 68 tens and 4 ones. The question is: 'Can you spot his mistake?'.
- Melach completes the same calculation as Zach:** A place value chart shows 34 tens and 2 ones multiplied by 2, resulting in 68 tens and 4 ones. The question is: 'Can you spot and explain his mistake?'.
- Leonia says:**  $6 \times 11 = 3 \times 22$ . The question is: 'Is Leonia correct?'.

This worksheet is titled 'Multiply 2-digits by 1-digit' and is for 'Reasoning & Problem Solving'. It contains two scenarios:
 

- Zach completes the calculation:**  $23 \times 3 = 69$ . A place value chart shows 23 tens and 3 ones multiplied by 3, resulting in 69 tens and 9 ones. The question is: 'Can you spot his mistake?'.
- Melach completes the same calculation as Zach:** A place value chart shows 23 tens and 3 ones multiplied by 3, resulting in 69 tens and 9 ones. The question is: 'Can you spot and explain his mistake?'.
- Leonia says:**  $4 \times 28 = 8 \times 14$ . The question is: 'Is Leonia correct?'.



Answer the multiplication questions.

Complete the following calculations using place value counters:

T	O

	T	O
	3	4
x		2

$21 \times 3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

	T	O
	2	1
x		3

Complete the following calculations using place value counters:

T	O

	T	O
	2	3
x		3

$43 \times 2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

	T	O
	4	3
x		2

Fill in the blanks and solve the calculation:

T	O

	T	O
x		

$\times$   =

Fill in the blanks and solve the calculation:

T	O

	T	O
x		

$\times$   =

Fill in the blanks and solve the calculation:

T	O

	T	O
x		

$\times$   =

Fill in the blanks and solve the calculation:

T	O

	T	O
x		

$\times$   =



Answer the multiplication questions.

Complete the following calculations using place value counters:

T	O

	T	O
	3	4
x		2
	6	8

$21 \times 3 = \underline{\quad}$

	T	O
	2	1
x		3
	6	3

Complete the following calculations using place value counters:

T	O

	T	O
	2	3
x		3
	6	9

$43 \times 2 = \underline{\quad}$

	T	O
	4	3
x		2
	8	6

Fill in the blanks and solve the calculation:

T	O

	T	O
	3	2
x		3
	9	6

$32 \times 3 = 96$

Fill in the blanks and solve the calculation:

T	O

	T	O
	2	2
x		4
	8	8

$22 \times 4 = 88$

Fill in the blanks and solve the calculation:

T	O

	T	O
	1	3
x		3
	3	9

$13 \times 3 = 39$

Fill in the blanks and solve the calculation:

T	O

	T	O
	3	1
x		3
	9	3

$31 \times 3 = 93$



Answer the multiplication questions.

Complete the following calculations using place value counters:

T	O
10 10 10	1 1 1 1
10 10 10	1 1 1 1

T	O

$21 \times 3 = \underline{\quad}$

T	O

Complete the following calculations using place value counters:

T	O
10 10	1 1 1
10 10	1 1 1
10 10	1 1 1

T	O

$43 \times 2 = \underline{\quad}$

T	O

Fill in the blanks and solve the calculation:

T	O

T	O
x	

$32 \times 3 = \square$

Fill in the blanks and solve the calculation:

T	O

T	O
x	

$22 \times 4 = \square$

Fill in the blanks and solve the calculation:

T	O

T	O
x	

$13 \times 3 = \square$

Fill in the blanks and solve the calculation:

T	O

T	O
x	

$31 \times 3 = \square$



Answer the multiplication questions.

Complete the following calculations using place value counters:

T	O

	T	O
	3	4
x		2
	6	8

$$21 \times 3 = \underline{63}$$

	T	O
	2	1
x		3
	6	3

Complete the following calculations using place value counters:

T	O

	T	O
	2	3
x		3
	6	9

$$43 \times 2 = \underline{86}$$

	T	O
	4	3
x		2
	8	6

Fill in the blanks and solve the calculation:

T	O

	T	O
	3	2
x		3
	9	6

$$\boxed{32} \times \boxed{3} = \boxed{96}$$

Fill in the blanks and solve the calculation:

T	O

	T	O
	2	2
x		4
	8	8

$$\boxed{22} \times \boxed{4} = \boxed{88}$$

Fill in the blanks and solve the calculation:

T	O

	T	O
	1	3
x		3
	3	9

$$\boxed{13} \times \boxed{3} = \boxed{39}$$

Fill in the blanks and solve the calculation:

T	O

	T	O
	3	1
x		3
	9	3

$$\boxed{31} \times \boxed{3} = \boxed{93}$$



Complete the missing parts to the calculations shown:

T	O
10	1
10	1

\_\_\_\_\_ x \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_

T	O
2	4

	O
10	1
10	1

\_\_\_\_\_ x \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_

T	O
3	2

13 ones and 1 ten multiplied by two

33 ones and 0 tens multiplied by three

T	O

T	O

T	O

T	O

\_\_\_\_\_ x \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ x \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_

Complete the missing parts to the calculations shown:

T	O
10	1
10	1

\_\_\_\_\_ x \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_

T	O
3	1

	O
10	1
10	1

\_\_\_\_\_ x \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_

T	O
4	3

1 ten and 13 ones multiplied by thirty divided by ten.

Twenty ones add three ones multiplied by half of four.

T	O

T	O

T	O

T	O

\_\_\_\_\_ x \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ x \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_



Complete the missing parts.

T	O
10 10	1 1 1
10 10	1 1 1

$24 \times 2 = 48$

	T	O
	2	4
x		2
	4	8

T	O
10 10 10	1 1 1
10 10 10	1 1 1

$32 \times 3 = 96$

	T	O
	3	2
x		3
	9	6

13 ones and 1 ten multiplied by two

33 ones and 0 tens multiplied by three

T	O
10 10	1 1 1
10 10	1 1 1

	T	O
	2	3
x		2
	4	6

$23 \times 2 = 46$

T	O
10 10 10	1 1 1
10 10 10	1 1 1
10 10 10	1 1 1

	T	O
	3	3
x		3
	9	9

$33 \times 3 = 99$

Complete the missing parts to the calculations shown:

T	O
10 10 10	1 1 1
10 10 10	1 1 1

$31 \times 3 = 93$

	T	O
	3	1
x		3
	9	3

T	O
10 10 10 10	1 1 1
10 10 10 10	1 1 1

$43 \times 2 = 86$

	T	O
	4	3
x		2
	8	6

1 ten and 13 ones multiplied by thirty divided by ten.

Twenty ones add three ones multiplied by half of four.

T	O
10 10	1 1 1
10 10	1 1 1
10 10	1 1 1

	T	O
	2	3
x		3
	6	9

$23 \times 3 = 69$

T	O
10 10	1 1 1
10 10	1 1 1

	T	O
	2	3
x		2
	4	6

$23 \times 2 = 46$



Zach completes the calculation:

$$21 \times 3$$

Can you spot his mistake?



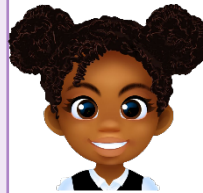
	T	O
	2	1
×		3
		3
+		6
		9

Malachi completes the same calculation as Zach.  
Can you spot and explain his mistake?

	T	O
	2	1
×		3
6	0	3

Leanna says,

$$4 \times 11 = 2 \times 22.$$



Is Leanna correct?



Zach completes the calculation:

$$21 \times 3$$

Can you spot his mistake?



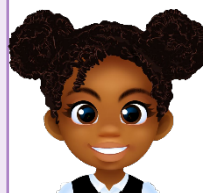
	T	O
	2	1
×		3
		3
+		6
		9

Malachi completes the same calculation as Zach.  
Can you spot and explain his mistake?

	T	O
	2	1
×		3
6	0	3

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$$4 \times 11 = 2 \times 22.$$



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Zach completes the calculation:

$$21 \times 3$$

Can you spot his mistake?



	T	O
	2	1
×		3
		3
+		6
		9

	T	O
	2	1
×		3
		3
+	6	0
	6	3

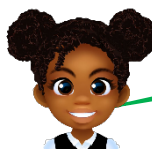
Zach has multiplied 2 by 3 rather than 20 by 3. As it is the expanded form it should look like the calculation above.

Malachi completes the same calculation as Zach. Can you spot and explain his mistake?

	T	O
	2	1
×		3
6	0	3

Malachi has written 60 where he should have just put a 6 because he is multiplying 2 tens by 3 which is 6 tens. The answer should be 63.

Leanna says,



$$4 \times 11 = 2 \times 22.$$

Is Leanna correct?

True. Both multiplications are equal to 44. Children may explore that one number has halved and the other has doubled.



Zach completes the calculation:

$$21 \times 3$$

Can you spot his mistake?



	T	O
	2	1
×		3
		3
+		6
		9

	T	O
	2	1
×		3
		3
+	6	0
	6	3

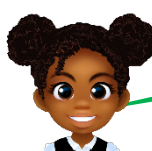
Zach has multiplied 2 by 3 rather than 20 by 3. As it is the expanded form it should look like the calculation above.

Malachi completes the same calculation as Zach. Can you spot and explain his mistake?

	T	O
	2	1
×		3
6	0	3

Malachi has written 60 where he should have just put a 6 because he is multiplying 2 tens by 3 which is 6 tens. The answer should be 63.

Leanna says,



$$4 \times 11 = 2 \times 22.$$

Is Leanna correct?

True. Both multiplications are equal to 44. Children may explore that one number has halved and the other has doubled.



Zach completes the calculation:

$$34 \times 2$$

Can you spot his mistake?



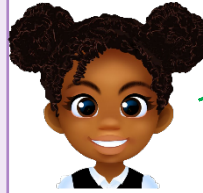
	T	O
	3	4
×		2
<hr/>		
		8
+		6
<hr/>		
	1	4

Malachi completes the same calculation as Zach.  
Can you spot and explain his mistake?

	T	O
	3	4
×		2
<hr/>		
6	0	8

Leanna says,

$$6 \times 11 = 3 \times 22$$



Is Leanna correct?



Zach completes the calculation:

$$34 \times 2$$

Can you spot his mistake?



	T	O
	3	4
×		2
<hr/>		
		8
+		6
<hr/>		
	1	4

Malachi completes the same calculation as Zach.  
Can you spot and explain his mistake?

	T	O
	3	4
×		2
<hr/>		
6	0	8

Leanna says,

$$6 \times 11 = 3 \times 22$$



Is Leanna correct?



Zach completes the calculation:

$$34 \times 2$$

Can you spot his mistake?



	T	O
	3	4
×		2
		8
+		6
	1	4

	T	O
	3	4
×		2
		8
+	6	0
	6	8

Zach has multiplied 2 by 3 rather than 30 by 2. As it is the expanded form it should look like the calculation above.

Malachi completes the same calculation as Zach. Can you spot and explain his mistake?

	T	O
	3	4
×		2
6	0	8

Malachi has written 60 where he should have just put a 6 because he is multiplying 3 tens by 2 which is 6 tens. The answer should be 68.

Leanna says,



$$6 \times 11 = 3 \times 22$$

Is Leanna correct?

True. Both multiplications are equal to 66. Children may explore that one number has halved and the other has doubled.



Zach completes the calculation:

$$34 \times 2$$

Can you spot his mistake?



	T	O
	3	4
×		2
		8
+		6
	1	4

	T	O
	3	4
×		2
		8
+	6	0
	6	8

Zach has multiplied 2 by 3 rather than 30 by 2. As it is the expanded form it should look like the calculation above.

Malachi completes the same calculation as Zach. Can you spot and explain his mistake?

	T	O
	3	4
×		2
6	0	8

Malachi has written 60 where he should have just put a 6 because he is multiplying 3 tens by 2 which is 6 tens. The answer should be 68.

Leanna says,



$$6 \times 11 = 3 \times 22$$

Is Leanna correct?

True. Both multiplications are equal to 66. Children may explore that one number has halved and the other has doubled.



Zach completes the calculation:

$$23 \times 3$$

Can you spot his mistake?



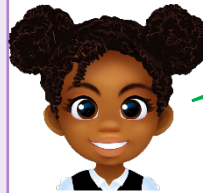
	T	O
	2	3
×		3
<hr/>		
		9
+		6
<hr/>		
	1	5

Malachi completes the same calculation as Zach.  
Can you spot and explain his mistake?

	T	O
	2	3
×		3
<hr/>		
6	0	9

Leanna says,

$$4 \times 28 = 8 \times 14$$



Is Leanna correct?



Zach completes the calculation:

$$23 \times 3$$

Can you spot his mistake?



	T	O
	2	3
×		3
<hr/>		
		9
+		6
<hr/>		
	1	5

Malachi completes the same calculation as Zach.  
Can you spot and explain his mistake?

	T	O
	2	3
×		3
<hr/>		
6	0	9

Leanna says,

$$4 \times 28 = 8 \times 14$$



Is Leanna correct?



Zach completes the calculation:

$$23 \times 3$$

Can you spot his mistake?



	T	O
	2	3
×		3
<hr/>		
		9
+		6
<hr/>		
	1	5

	T	O
	2	3
×		3
<hr/>		
		9
+	6	0
<hr/>		
	6	9

Zach has multiplied 2 by 3 rather than 20 by 3. As it is the expanded form it should look like the calculation above.

Malachi completes the same calculation as Zach. Can you spot and explain his mistake?

	T	O
	2	3
×		3
<hr/>		
	6	0
<hr/>		
	6	9

Malachi has written 60 where he should have just put a 6 because he is multiplying 2 tens by 3 which is 6 tens. The answer should be 69.

Leanna says,



$$4 \times 28 = 8 \times 14$$

Is Leanna correct?

True. Both multiplications are equal to 112. Children may explore that one number has halved and the other has doubled.



Zach completes the calculation:

$$23 \times 3$$

Can you spot his mistake?



	T	O
	2	3
×		3
<hr/>		
		9
+		6
<hr/>		
	1	5

Zach has multiplied 6 by 2 rather than 20 by 3.

Malachi completes the same calculation as Zach. Can you spot and explain his mistake?

	T	O
	2	3
×		3
<hr/>		
	6	0
<hr/>		
	6	9

Malachi has written 60 where he should have just put a 6 because he is multiplying 2 tens by 3 which is 6 tens. The answer should be 69.

Leanna says,



$$4 \times 28 = 8 \times 14$$

Is Leanna correct?

True. Both multiplications are equal to 112. Children may explore that one number has halved and the other has doubled.